Renolit Cramlington Ltd

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Agrément Certificate 10/4808

Product Sheet 1

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RENOLIT ROOF WATERPROOFING MEMBRANES

RENOLIT ALKORPLAN ROOF WATERPROOFING MEMBRANES

This Agrément Certificate Product Sheet⁽¹⁾ relates to Renolit Alkorplan Roof Waterproofing Membranes, a range of single-layer PVC membranes for use as mechanically fastened, fully adhered and green roof waterproofing on flat or pitched roofs, or as loose-laid and ballasted, and roof garden waterproofing on flat roofs.

(1) Hereinafter referred to as 'Certificate'.

CERTIFICATION INCLUDES:

- factors relating to compliance with Building Regulations where applicable
- factors relating to additional non-regulatory information where applicable
- independently verified technical specification
- assessment criteria and technical investigations
- design considerations
- installation guidance
- · regular surveillance of production
- formal three-yearly review.

KEY FACTORS ASSESSED

Weathertightness — the membranes, including joints, when completely sealed and consolidated, will resist the passage of moisture to the interior of the building (see section 6).

Properties in relation to fire — the membranes will enable a roof to be unrestricted under the Building Regulations (see section 7).

Resistance to wind uplift — the membranes will resist the effects of any wind suction likely to occur in practice (see section 8).

Resistance to mechanical damage — the membranes will accept, without damage, the limited foot traffic and loads associated with installation and maintenance (see section 9).

Resistance to penetration of roots — Renolit Alkorplan L membrane will resist the penetration of roots (see section 10). **Durability** — under normal service conditions, the membranes will provide a durable roof waterproofing with a service life in excess of 35 years and in excess of 40 years with extended maintaince, including local repair, every five years (see section 12).

The BBA has awarded this Certificate to the company named above for the products described herein. These products have been assessed by the BBA as being fit for their intended use provided they are installed, used and maintained as set out in this Certificate.

On behalf of the British Board of Agrément

anno

Claire Custis- Monas

Date of Third issue: 25 May 2018

John Albon – Head of Approvals Construction Products Claire Curtis-Thomas Chief Executive

The BBA is a UKAS accredited certification body – Number 113.

The schedule of the current scope of accreditation for product certification is available in pdf format via the UKAS link on the BBA website at www.bbacerts.co.uk

Readers are advised to check the validity and latest issue number of this Agrément Certificate by either referring to the BBA website or contacting the BBA direct.

Any photographs are for illustrative purposes only, do not constitute advice and should not be relied upon.

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Regulations

In the opinion of the BBA, Renolit Alkorplan Roof Waterproofing Membranes, if installed, used and maintained in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements of the following Building Regulations (the presence of a UK map indicates that the subject is related to the Building Regulations in the region or regions of the UK depicted):



The Building Regulations 2010 (England and Wales) (as amended)

Requirement:

B4(2)

External fire spread

Comment:

On a suitable substructure, the use of the membranes can enable a roof to be unrestricted under this Requirement. See sections 7.1 to 7.5 of this Certificate.

Requirement: C2(b)

Resistance to moisture

Comment:

The membranes, including joints, satisfy this Requirement. See section 6.1 of this

Certificate.

Regulation: Comment:

7

Materials and workmanship

The membranes are acceptable. See section 12 and the *Installation* part of this

Certificate.



The Building (Scotland) Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation:

8(1)(2)

Durability, workmanship and fitness of materials

Comment:

The use of the membranes satisfies the requirements of this Regulation. See sections 11

and 12 and the Installation part of this Certificate.

Regulation:

9

Building standards applicable to construction

Standard:

2.8

Spread from neighbouring buildings

Comment:

On suitable non-combustible substructures, use of the membranes will be unrestricted by the requirements of clause 2.8.1⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ of this Standard. See sections 7.1 to 7.5 of this

Certificate.

Standard:

3.10

Precipitation

Comment:

The use of the membranes, including joints, can enable a roof to satisfy the

requirements of this Standard, with reference to clauses 3.10.1⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ and 3.10.7⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾. See

section 6.1 of this Certificate.

Standard:

7.1(a)

Statement of sustainability

Comment:

The products can contribute to meeting the relevant requirements of Regulation 9,

Standards 1 to 6 and therefore will contribute to a construction meeting a bronze level

of sustainability as defined in this Standard.

Regulation: Comment:

12

Building standards applicable to conversions

Comments in relation to the products under Regulation 9, Standards 1 to 6 also apply to

this Regulation, with reference to clause $0.12.1^{(1)(2)}$ and Schedule $6^{(1)(2)}$.

(1) Technical Handbook (Domestic).

(2) Technical Handbook (Non-Domestic).



The Building Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2012 (as amended)

23(a)(i)

Fitness of materials and workmanship

Comment:

(iii)(b)(i)

The membranes are acceptable. See section 12 and the *Installation* part of this

Certificate.

Regulation: 28 Resistance to moisture and weather

Comment: The use of the membranes, including joints, can enable a roof to satisfy the

requirements of this Regulation. See section 6.1 of this Certificate.

Regulation: 36(b) External fire spread

Comment: On suitable non-combustible substructures, use of the membranes can be unrestricted

by the requirements of this Regulation. See sections 7.1 to 7.5 of this Certificate.

Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015 Construction (Design and Management) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2016

Information in this Certificate may assist the client, designer (including Principal Designer) and contractor (including Principal Contractor) to address their obligations under these Regulations.

See sections: 1 Description (1.2), 3 Delivery and site handling (3.3) and 16 Jointing procedure (16.6)

of this Certificate.

Additional Information

NHBC Standards 2018

In the opinion of the BBA, Renolit Alkorplan Roof Waterproofing Membranes, if installed, used and maintained in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements in relation to *NHBC Standards*, Chapter 7.1 *Flat roofs and balconies*.

CE marking

The Certificate holder has taken the responsibility of CE marking the products, in accordance with harmonised European Standard EN 13956: 2012 for the mechanically fastened systems. An asterisk (*) appearing in this Certificate indicates that data shown are given in the manufacturer's Declaration of Performance.

Technical Specification

1 Description

- 1.1 Renolit Alkorplan Roof Waterproofing Membranes included in this Certificate are:
- Renolit Alkorplan F polyester reinforced, PVC membranes for mechanically fixed systems (35176/35276)
- Renolit Alkorplan L glassfibre reinforced, PVC membrane for loose-laid and ballasted systems, green roofs and roof gardens (35177) and a fleecebacked version (35177A)
- Renolit Alkorplan A non-reinforced PVC membranes, backed with a polyester fleece for adhered systems (35179/35279).
- 1.2 Renolit Alkorplan Roof Waterproofing Membranes are manufactured to the nominal characteristics given in Table 1.

Table 1 Nominal characte Characteristic (unit)	T												
Characteristic (unit)	Renolit Alkorplan F												
Thickness (mm)		35176/35276 1.2 1.5 1.8									2.0		
Roll width (m)	1.05	1.60	2.10	1.05	1.60	2.10	1.05	1.60	2.10	1.05	1.60	2.10	
Roll length (m)	25	20	20	20	15	15	20	15	15	15	15	10	
Mass per unit area	23	1.50	20	20	1.85	13	20	2.20	13	13	2.50	10	
(kg·m ⁻²)		1.50			1.05			2.20			2.50		
Resistance to water		pass			pass			pass			pass		
head*	pass			pass			pass		puss				
Tensile strength*	≥ 1050			≥ 1100			≥ 1125		≥ 1150				
(N per 50 mm)	≥ 1030			2 1100			2 1125			_ 1130			
Elongation* (%)	≥ 15			≥ 16			≥ 16			≥ 16			
Resistance to tear*	≥ 200			≥ 225			≥ 250			≥ 275			
(N)	200												
Dimensional stability	≤ 0.3			≤ 0.3			≤ 0.3			≤ 0.3			
(%)	2 0.3			_ 0.5			_ 3.0						
Low temperature	≤-25			≤-25			≤-25			≤-25			
foldability* (°C)		23											
Impact resistance*													
(mm)													
Soft substrate		≥ 2000		≥ 2000			≥ 2000			≥ 2000			
Hard substrate	≥ 600			≥ 700			≥ 800			≥ 1000			
Static indentation* (kg)													
Soft substrate	≥ 20			≥ 20			≥ 20			≥ 20			
Hard substrate		≥ 20		≥ 20			≥ 20			≥ 20			
Colours	gre	ey, cool	grey, g	reen, red	d, blue, s	yellow, o	cool ivo	ry, meta	llic, brig	ht white	and ot	her	
						urs avail							
Characteristic (unit)	Renolit Alkorplan L												
			1		351			-			3517		
Thickness (mm)	1.2				.8 2.0		1.5						
Roll width (m)	2.10				10 2.10		2.05						
Roll length (m)					nd 15 10 and 15								
Mass per unit area] 1	1.45		1.80 2.		15 2.45		2.15					
(kg·m ⁻²)													
Resistance to water	pass		pass pa		ass pass		pass						
head*	> 0				10 ≥ 10								
Tensile strength* (N·mm ⁻²)	≥9		≥9 ≥		10 210			_					
<u> </u>	_						≥ 675						
Tensile strength* (N per 50 mm)		_		-		_	-		_		≥ 67	/5	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	> 190		> 190			180 ≥ 180			≥ 55				
Elongation* (%) Resistance to tear*	≥ 180 ≥ 110						.40 ≥ 160			≥ 120			
(N)	_	110		2 120		2 1	140		≥ 100		< 12	20	
Dimensional stability	_	<u> </u>		≤ 0.1		21	0.1		≤ 0.1		< ∩	3	
(%)	20.1		70.1).ı ≥ U.1			≤ 0.3				
Low temperature	≤-25		≤-25 ≤-			-25 ≤ –25		≤-25					
foldability* (°C)			<u> </u>				- 25						
Impact resistance*			\neg		+								
(mm)													
Soft substrate	≥ 2000		≥ 2000 ≥ 2			000 ≥ 2000			≥ 2000				
Hard substrate	≥ 500				700 ≥ 800			≥ 600					
Static indentation* (kg)													
	≥ 20		≥ 20 ≥			20 ≥ 20			≥ 20				
Soft substrate		2 20	≥ 20								≥ 20		
Soft substrate Hard substrate				≥ 20		≥	20				≥ 2	0	

Table 1 Nominal characteristics (continued)

Characteristic (unit)	Renolit Alkorplan A 35179/35279									
Thickness (mm)	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.0						
Roll width (m)	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10						
Roll length (m)	15	15	15	15						
Mass per unit area (kg·m ⁻²)	1.80	2.15	2.50	2.80						
Resistance to water head*	pass	pass	pass	pass						
Tensile strength* (N per 50 mm)	≥ 825	≥ 850	≥ 875	≥ 900						
Elongation* (%)	≥ 50	≥ 55	≥ 60	≥ 65						
Resistance to tear* (N)	≥ 325	≥ 350	≥ 375	≥ 400						
Dimensional stability (%)	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.5	≤ 0.5						
Low temperature foldability* (°C)	≤-25	≤-25	≤-25	≤-25						
Impact resistance* (mm)										
Soft substrate	≥ 2000	≥ 2000	≥ 2000	≥ 2000						
Hard substrate	≥ 500	≥ 600	≥ 700	≥ 900						
Static indentation* (kg)										
Soft substrate	≥ 20	≥ 20	≥ 20	≥ 20						
Hard substrate	≥ 20	≥ 20	≥ 20	≥ 20						
Colours	grey, cool grey, green, red, blue, yellow, cool ivory, metallic, bright white and other colours available to order									

1.3 Ancillary items for use with the membranes include:

- Renolit Alkorplan 81170/81171/81172/81179 0.6 mm thick, galvanized steel sheets laminated with 0.8 mm PVC, for use in producing profiles for perimeter flashings
- Renolit Alkorplan 81060/81061 preformed corners in PVC membrane
- Renolit Alkorplan 81038 seam sealing mastic
- Renolit Alkorplus 81001 a 120 g⋅m⁻² glassfibre fleece, for use as a separation/fire protection layer
- Renolit Alkorplus 81005 a 300 g⋅m⁻² synthetic fleece, for use as a protective underlay
- Renolit Alkorplus 81008 a 180 g⋅m⁻² synthetic fleece overlay, for use as a separation layer
- Renolit Alkorplan D (35X70) a non-reinforced 1.5 mm PVC membrane, for use in detailing
- Renolit Alkorplus 81040 a solvent-based, nitrile rubber contact adhesive for bonding membranes to fixing elements
- Renolit Alkorplus 81044 a cleaner for joint areas
- Renolit Alkorplus 81065 Dualfix sprayable polyurethane adhesive for use with Alkorplan 35179/35279
- Renolit Alkorplus 81068 polyurethane adhesive for use with Alkorplan 35179/35279
- Renolit Alkorplus 81002 self-adhesive, aluminium/polyester foil vapour control layer (VCL)
- Renolit Alkorplus 81012 low-density, polyethylene VCLs
- Renolit Alkorplus 81057 a seam tape for the low-density, polyethylene VCLs
- Renolit Alkorplan 81114 Walkway a PVC walkway for trafficked areas
- Renolit Alkorplus 81192 an aluminium tape for use in butt jointing
- Renolit Alkorplan 35121 a combined PVC/polyester fleece laminate for use under round washed ballast, paving slabs or timber decking in terraced or heavily trafficked areas
- Renolit Alkorplus 81069 adhesive applicator.

2 Manufacture

2.1 The PVC layers are manufactured by extruding and calendaring. The layers are laminated with and without reinforcement and/or backing fleece using heat. The products are then cut to length and reeled onto a cardboard core.

- 2.2 As part of the assessment and ongoing surveillance of product quality, the BBA has:
- agreed with the manufacturer the quality control procedures and product testing to be undertaken
- assessed and agreed the quality control operated over batches of incoming materials
- monitored the production process and verified that it is in accordance with the documented process
- evaluated the process for management of nonconformities
- checked that equipment has been properly tested and calibrated
- undertaken to carry out the above measures on a regular basis through a surveillance process, to verify that the specifications and quality control operated by the manufacturer are being maintained.
- 2.3 The management system of Renolit Iberica SA has been assessed and registered as meeting the requirements of BS EN ISO 9001 : 2015 by Bureau Veritas Certification (Certificate ES085134-1).

3 Delivery and site handling

- 3.1 The membranes are delivered to site in wrapped rolls packaged on pallets or in boxes. The labels bear the Certificate holder's name, product identification, batch number and the BBA logo incorporating the number of this Certificate.
- 3.2 Rolls must be stored on their side, on a clean, level surface, and kept under cover.
- 3.3 The Certificate holder has taken the responsibility of classifying and labelling the products under the *CLP Regulation* (EC) No 1272/2008 on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Users must refer to the relevant Safety Data Sheet(s).

Assessment and Technical Investigations

The following is a summary of the assessment and technical investigations carried out on Renolit Alkorplan Roof Waterproofing Membranes.

Design Considerations

4 Use

- 4.1 Renolit Alkorplan F membranes (35176/35276) are satisfactory for use as mechanically fastened waterproofing on flat or pitched roofs with limited access.
- 4.2 Renolit Alkorplan L membranes (35177/35177A) are satisfactory for use as a loose-laid and ballasted waterproofing layer on flat roofs with limited access or roof garden applications, and as a green roof waterproofing layer on flat or pitched roofs with limited access.
- 4.3 Renolit Alkorplan A membranes (35179/35279) are satisfactory for use as fully bonded waterproofing layers on flat or pitched roofs with limited access.
- 4.4 Limited access roofs are defined for the purpose of this Certificate as those subjected only to pedestrian traffic for maintenance of the roof covering and cleaning of gutters, etc. Where traffic in excess of this is envisaged, additional protection to the membrane must be provided (see section 9).
- 4.5 Flat roofs are defined for the purpose of this Certificate as those having a minimum finished fall of 1:80. For design purposes, twice the minimum finished fall should be assumed, unless a detailed analysis of the roof is available, including overall and local deflection, direction of falls, etc. Pitched roofs are defined for the purpose of this Certificate as those having falls greater than 1:6.
- 4.6 Decks to which the membranes are to be applied must comply with the relevant requirements of either BS 6229 : 2003 or BS 8217 : 2005 and, where appropriate, *NHBC Standards* 2018, Chapter 7.1.

- 4.7 For green roofs and roof gardens, structural decks to which Alkorplan 35177 membranes are to be applied must be suitable to transmit the dead and imposed loads experienced in service.
- 4.8 Imposed loads, dead loading and wind loads for green roof and roof garden specifications are calculated in accordance with BS EN 1991-1-1: 2002, BS EN 1991-1-3: 2003, BS EN 1991-1-4: 2005 and their UK National Annexes.
- 4.9 The drainage system for both green roofs and roof gardens must be correctly designed, and provision made for access for maintenance purposes. Dead loads for green roofs and roof gardens can increase if the drains become partially or completely blocked causing waterlogging of the drainage layer.
- 4.10 Recommendations for the design of green roofs and roof garden specifications are available within the latest edition of *The GRO Green Roof Code Green Roof Code of Best Practice for the UK*.
- 4.11 Insulation materials used in conjunction with the membranes must be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and be either:
- as described in the relevant clauses of BS 8217: 2005, or
- the subject of a current BBA Certificate and be used in accordance with, and within the scope of, that Certificate.
- 4.12 Contact with bituminous and oil-based products must be avoided as the membranes are not compatible with lower grades of bitumen. If contact with such products is likely, a separating layer must be interposed before installing the waterproofing sheet. Where doubt arises, the advice of the Certificate holder must be sought.

5 Practicability of installation

The membranes must only be installed by installers trained and approved by the Certificate holder.

6 Weathertightness



- 6.1 The membranes, including joints, when completely sealed and consolidated, will adequately resist the passage of moisture into the building and enable a roof to comply with the requirements of the national Building Regulations.
- 6.2 The membranes are impervious to water and will achieve a weathertight roof capable of accepting minor structural movement.

7 Properties in relation to fire



- 7.1 The following systems will be unrestricted by the requirements of the national Building Regulations:
- a flat roof comprising a 0.75 mm profiled metal deck, a low-density polyethylene VCL, a 50 mm layer of polyurethane foam insulation board and covered by 1.2 mm thick Renolit Alkorplan F membrane (35176)
- a flat roof comprising a 22 mm plywood deck, a bitumen VCL, a 60 mm polyurethane insulation board covered with two layers of reinforced bitumen membrane bonded with 95/25 bitumen and covered by Renolit Alkorplan A membrane (35179) partially bonded with Renolit Alkorplus 81068
- a sloped roof comprising an 18 mm OSB roof deck, Renolit Alkorplus 81012 VCL, a 170 mm Rockwool Duorock and 1.5 mm thick Renolit Alkorplan 35176
- a sloped roof comprising an 18 mm OSB roof deck, Renolit Alkorplus 81012 VCL, a 130 mm thick PIR foil-faced insulation and 1.5 mm thick Renolit Alkorplan 35176.
- 7.2 When classified in accordance with BS EN 13501-5: 2005, the following systems are designated BROOF(t4):
- a sloped roof comprising an 18 mm oriented strand board, Renolit Alkorplus 81012 VCL, 80 mm foil-faced polyurethane insulation board and 1.2 mm Renolit Alkorplan 35176, mechanically fastened
- a flat roof comprising an 18 mm thick oriented strand board, Renolit Alkorplus 81002 self-adhesive VCL, a

- 120 mm thick, composite-faced polyisocyanurate (PIR) insulation board and a 1.5 mm Renolit Alkorplan 35179, adhered using a polyurethane adhesive
- a sloped roof comprising an 18 mm thick oriented strand board, Renolit Alkorplus 81002 self-adhesive VCL, a 120 mm thick, composite-faced PIR insulation board and a 1.5 mm Renolit Alkorplan 35179, adhered using a polyurethane adhesive
- a flat roof comprising an 18 mm thick oriented strand board, Renolit Alkorplus 81012 VCL, a 120 mm thick, foil-faced PIR insulation board and a 1.5mm Renolit Alkorplan 35176, mechanically fastened
- a sloped roof comprising an 18 mm thick oriented strand board, Renolit Alkorplus 81012 VCL, a 120 mm thick, foil-faced PIR insulation board and a 1.5mm Renolit Alkorplan 35176, mechanically fastened.
- 7.3 Renolit Alkorplan L membranes (35177/35177A), when used in a loose-laid and ballasted specification, including an inorganic covering listed in the Annex of Commission Decision 2000/553/EC, can be considered to be unrestricted under the requirements of the national Building Regulations.
- 7.4 In the opinion of the BBA, when used in irrigated roof gardens or green roofs, the use of Renolit Alkorplan L membranes (35177/35177A) will also be unrestricted.
- 7.5 The designation of other specifications must be confirmed by:

England and Wales — test or assessment in accordance with Approved Document B, Appendix A, clause A1

Scotland — test to conform to Mandatory Standard 2.8, clause 2.8.1

Northern Italiand — test or assessment by a LIVAS assessment by a LIVAS

Northern Ireland — test or assessment by a UKAS-accredited laboratory, or an independent consultant with appropriate experience.

7.6 If allowed to dry, the plants used may allow flame-spread across the roof. This must be taken into consideration when selecting suitable plants for the roof. Appropriate planting, irrigation and/or protection must be applied to ensure the overall fire-rating of the roof is not compromised.

8 Resistance to wind uplift

- 8.1 The resistance to wind uplift of a mechanically fastened waterproofing layer is provided by the fasteners passing through the membranes into the substrate. The number and position of fixings will depend on a number of factors including:
- wind uplift forces to be restrained
- pull-out strength of the fasteners
- tensile properties of the membranes
- appropriate calculation of safety factors.
- 8.2 The wind uplift forces are calculated by a suitably competent and experienced individual in accordance with BS EN 1991-1-4: 2005 and its UK National Annex. On this basis, the number of fixings required should be established using a maximum permissible load of 0.7 kN for Renolit Alkorplan F membranes (35176/35276) with hot-air welded joints.
- 8.3 When Renolit Alkorplan A membranes (35179/35279) are bonded to a decking, or a reinforced bituminous membrane, they are sufficient to resist the effect of wind suction, thermal cycling or other minor structural movements likely to occur in service.
- 8.4 When Renolit Alkorplan A membranes (35179/35279) are bonded to insulation boards, the resistance to wind uplift will be dependent on the cohesive strength of the insulation and the method by which they are secured to the roof deck. This must be taken into account when selecting suitable insulation material.
- 8.5 The ballast requirements for loose-laid systems using Renolit Alkorplan L membranes (35177/35177A) must be calculated by a suitably competent and experienced individual in accordance with the relevant parts of BS EN 1991-1-4: 2005 and its UK National Annex. The membranes must always be ballasted with a minimum depth of 50 mm of aggregate. In areas of high-wind exposure, the advice of the Certificate holder must be sought. Alternatively, concrete slabs on suitable supports can be used.
- 8.6 The soil used in roof gardens must not be of a type that will be removed, or become delocalised due to wind

scour experienced on the roof.

8.7 It must be recognised that the type of plants used in roof gardens could significantly affect the expected wind loads experienced in service.

9 Resistance to mechanical damage

The membranes can accept the limited foot traffic and light concentrated loads associated with installation and maintenance. Care must be taken to avoid puncture by sharp objects, or concentrated loads. On limited access roofs where excessive traffic is envisaged, such as maintenance of lift equipment, a walkway must be provided, for example, using concrete slabs supported on bearing pads.

10 Resistance to penetration of roots

Results of test data on Renolit Alkorplan L membranes (35177/35177A) indicate that they are suitable for use as a root-resistant membranes.

11 Maintenance



- 11.1 Roofs must be the subject of annual inspections and maintenance to ensure continued performance. Any exposed membrane must be free from the build-up of silt and other debris, and unwanted vegetation must be cleared.
- 11.2 Any damage must be repaired in accordance with section 17 and the Certificate holder's instructions.
- 11.3 Green roofs and roof gardens must be regularly inspected, particularly in autumn after leaf fall and in spring, to ensure unwanted vegetation and other debris are cleared from the roof and drainage outlets. Guidance is available within *The GRO Green Roof Code Green Roof Code of Best Practice for the UK*.
- 11.4 A planned maintenance cycle, including inspections by the Certificate holder at minimum intervals of every five years, should be introduced if an extended service life is required. The Certificate holder can advise on methods of extending the service life. This could include the use of thicker membranes, specific maintenance requirements, or localised replacement or repair.

12 Durability



- 12.1 Under normal conditions, the membranes will have a service life in excess of 35 years.
- 12.2 A life in excess of 40 years can be achieved with periodic maintenance, as described in section 11.4.
- 12.3 In environments where the membranes are in contact with organic solvents, the life expectancy of the membranes may be reduced. In cases of doubt, the advice of the Certificate holder must be sought.

13 Reuse and recyclability

The products comprise polyvinyl chloride, polyester and glass, which can be recycled.

Installation

14 General

14.1 Installation of Renolit Alkorplan Roof Waterproofing Membranes must be carried out by installers trained and approved by the Certificate holder in accordance with the relevant clauses of the Certificate holder's instructions, BS 8000-4: 1989 and this Certificate.

- 14.2 Substrates to which the membranes are applied must be sound, dry, clean and free from sharp projections such as nail heads and concrete nibs. When used over a rough substrate, a suitable protection layer must be placed over the substrate.
- 14.3 Installation must not be carried out during inclement weather (eg rain, fog or snow). When the temperature is below 5°C, suitable precautions against surface condensation must be taken.
- 14.4 Where contact with coal tar or oil-based products is likely, an isolating layer must be interposed between the membrane and the substrate. Where contact with bituminous products is likely, consideration must be given to the use of an isolating layer, and the advice of the Certificate holder sought.
- 14.5 The products must not come into contact with unfaced polyurethane or polystyrene insulation boards. A suitable separation layer must be used if either of these types of boards are used.
- 14.6 Soil or other bulk material must not be stored on one area of the roof prior to installation, to ensure localised overloading does not occur.
- 14.7 Detailing must be formed in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions.

15 Procedure

Renolit Alkorplan L (35177/35177A)

- 15.1 The membrane is unrolled onto the substrate without folds or ripples, with a 50 mm overlap, and mechanically fixed and fully adhered at details and perimeters. Flashing and lap jointing must be carried out as described in section 16.
- 15.2 A suitable protection layer must be laid over the membrane prior to the application of the ballast.
- 15.3 When used in an inverted roof specification, a filter layer of Renolit Alkorplus 81008 must be installed on top of the insulation.
- 15.4 Loose-laid applications must be covered by at least a 50 mm depth of well-rounded gravel. In areas of high wind exposure, paving slabs set on a suitable support may be considered (eg pads).
- 15.5 In green roof and roof garden specifications, subsequent layers (eg separation layers, drainage layers or growing medium) are installed in accordance with the Certificate holder's installation instructions.

Renolit Alkorplan F (35176/35276)

- 15.6 The membranes must be secured by corrosion-resistant plates and mechanical fixings manufactured by SFS Intec, Mage or Iso-tak. Other mechanical fasteners and washers/plates used in conjunction with the fastened systems should be the subject of a valid ETA and have had a full scale wind uplift test to EN 16002 : 2010.
- 15.7 The membrane is unrolled onto the substrate, without folds or ripples, with 100 mm overlaps. Flashing and lap jointing must be carried out as described in section 16.
- 15.8 The membrane is fixed to the deck (through insulation boards, where appropriate) in the joint overlaps positioned 30 mm from the edge, prior to welding of the joint, in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions. The fixings must be installed at centres calculated from the average wind force in that location.
- 15.9 A minimum distance of 150 mm between fasteners must be observed at all times. This may require the use of narrower membranes to obtain the correct number of fasteners per square metre.

Renolit Alkorplan A (35179/35279)

15.10 The membrane is fully unrolled and straightened without tension and then folded for half of its length.

- 15.11 Adhesive is applied to the substrate in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions. Any concentration of adhesive must be avoided.
- 15.12 Immediately following the application of the adhesive, the membrane is rolled into the adhesive and suitable pressure applied to ensure satisfactory bonding of the fleece.
- 15.13 The procedure is repeated for the second half of the roll and subsequent rolls.
- 15.14 Overlaps in the membrane must remain free of adhesive. The adjoining transverse seams of the roofing membranes must be butt jointed. The butt joint is covered by a 50 mm wide strip of Renolit Alkorplus 81192, with a 200 mm wide strip of Renolit Alkorplan D (35x70) welded onto the joint and tape.

16 Jointing procedure

- 16.1 Joints are made using hot-air welding techniques in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions.
- 16.2 If the lap area is contaminated, the lap joint area on both sheets must be cleaned using Renolit Alkorplus 81044 cleaner.
- 16.3 Hot-air welding is conducted by using an automatic or hand-operated machine, with a temperature set in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions.
- 16.4 The lap joint must be a minimum width of 20 mm for an automatic machine, and 30 mm for a hand-held machine.
- 16.5 The seam is then tested and sealed as described in sections 16.4 and 16.5.

Flashing procedure

16.6 Flashings are formed in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions.

17 Repair

In the event of accidental damage, repairs are carried out by cleaning the area around the damage and applying a patch of the appropriate Renolit Alkorplan membrane as described in section 16.

Technical Investigations

18 Tests

- 18.1 An assessment was made of data to EN 13956: 2012 in relation to:
- thickness
- · peel resistance of joints
- · shear resistance of joints
- tensile strength
- elongation at break
- dynamic indentation
- static indentation
- · dimensional stability
- · low temperature foldability
- resistance to root penetration.
- 18.2 An assessment was made of data to ETAG 006: 2000 on the mechanically fastened system in relation to:
- full scale resistance to wind uplift
- small scale resistance to wind uplift.
- 18.3 Tests on the membranes were conducted and the results assessed to determine:

- nail tear
- plasticiser content
- plasticiser loss after UV ageing and water soak
- weight loss on heat ageing
- peel from substrates (control, heat aged and water soak)
- · the effect of heat ageing

to assess:

- · robustness during service
- effectiveness of adhesive bond to substrate
- · durability.
- 18.4 Samples of the membranes were obtained from the Certificate holder and from an existing site installed in 1980 for comparative testing. The samples from the existing site also had additional UV ageing, equivalent to 10 years natural ageing.

19 Investigations

- 19.1 The manufacturing process was evaluated, including the methods adopted for quality control, and details were obtained of the quality and composition of the materials used.
- 19.2 Existing data on fire performance of the products were evaluated.
- 19.3 Data from a previous assessment on a visit to a site in progress were used to assess the method of application.
- 19.4 A visit to a site installed in 1980 was carried out to assess the durability performance of the membranes. Data on tests carried out by an independent test body on material taken from the same site and a second long-term site were evaluated.
- 19.5 A user survey was carried out to assess the performance in use.

Bibliography

BS 6229: 2003 Flat roofs with continuously supported coverings — Code of practice

BS 8000-4: 1989 Workmanship on building sites — Code of practice for waterproofing

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BS EN 1991-1-1: 2002 Eurocode 1: Actions on structures — General actions — Densities, self-weight, imposed loads for buildings

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BS EN ISO 9001: 2015 Quality management systems — Requirements

EN 16002 : 2010 Flexible sheets for waterproofing — Determination of the resistance to wind load of mechanically fastened flexible sheets for roof waterproofing

EN 13956 : 2012 Flexible sheet for waterproofing — Plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing — Definitions and characteristics

ETAG 006 : 2000 Guideline for European Technical Approval of Systems of Mechanically Fastened Flexible Roof Waterproofing Membranes

Conditions of Certification

20 Conditions

20.1 This Certificate:

- relates only to the product/system that is named and described on the front page
- is issued only to the company, firm, organisation or person named on the front page no other company, firm, organisation or person may hold claim that this Certificate has been issued to them
- is valid only within the UK
- has to be read, considered and used as a whole document it may be misleading and will be incomplete to be selective
- is copyright of the BBA
- is subject to English Law.

20.2 Publications, documents, specifications, legislation, regulations, standards and the like referenced in this Certificate are those that were current and/or deemed relevant by the BBA at the date of issue or reissue of this Certificate.

20.3 This Certificate will remain valid for an unlimited period provided that the product/system and its manufacture and/or fabrication, including all related and relevant parts and processes thereof:

- are maintained at or above the levels which have been assessed and found to be satisfactory by the BBA
- continue to be checked as and when deemed appropriate by the BBA under arrangements that it will determine
- are reviewed by the BBA as and when it considers appropriate.

20.4 The BBA has used due skill, care and diligence in preparing this Certificate, but no warranty is provided.

20.5 In issuing this Certificate the BBA is not responsible and is excluded from any liability to any company, firm, organisation or person, for any matters arising directly or indirectly from:

- the presence or absence of any patent, intellectual property or similar rights subsisting in the product/system or any other product/system
- the right of the Certificate holder to manufacture, supply, install, maintain or market the product/system
- actual installations of the product/system, including their nature, design, methods, performance, workmanship and maintenance
- any works and constructions in which the product/system is installed, including their nature, design, methods, performance, workmanship and maintenance
- any loss or damage, including personal injury, howsoever caused by the product/system, including its manufacture, supply, installation, use, maintenance and removal
- any claims by the manufacturer relating to CE marking.

20.6 Any information relating to the manufacture, supply, installation, use, maintenance and removal of this product/system which is contained or referred to in this Certificate is the minimum required to be met when the product/system is manufactured, supplied, installed, used, maintained and removed. It does not purport in any way to restate the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, or of any other statutory, common law or other duty which may exist at the date of issue or reissue of this Certificate; nor is conformity with such information to be taken as satisfying the requirements of the 1974 Act or of any statutory, common law or other duty of care.